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**trisbm**

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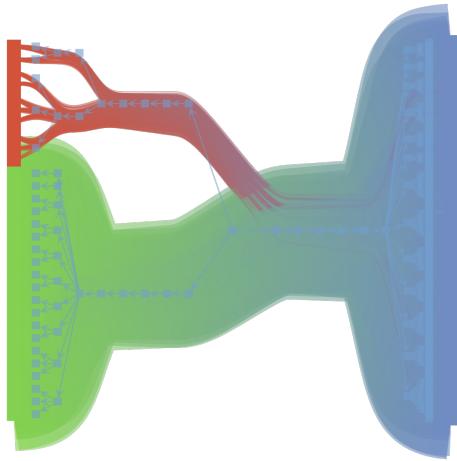


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This module inherits from [sbmtm](#) and extends network based topic models with **multiple layers** of information.





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CHAPTER  
ONE

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## TRISBM MODULE

install: `conda install nsbm -c conda-forge`

### 1.1 triSBM

triSBM

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**class trisbm.trisbm.trisbm**

Class to run trisbm

**\_get\_shape()**

**Returns**

list of tuples (number of documents, number of words, (number of keywords,...))

**clusters( $l=0, n=10$ )**

Get n ‘most common’ documents from each document cluster. most common refers to largest contribution in group membership vector. For the non-overlapping case, each document belongs to one and only one group with prob 1.

**clusters\_query( $doc\_index, l=0$ )**

Get all documents in the same group as the query-document. Note: Works only for non-overlapping model. For overlapping case, we need something else.

**draw(\*args, \*\*kwargs) → None**

Draw the network

**Parameters**

- **\*args** – positional arguments to pass to self.state.draw
- **\*\*kwargs** – keyword argument to pass to self.state.draw

```
dump_model(filename='trisbm.pkl')  
    Dump model using pickle  
  
    To restore the model:  
  
        import cloudpickle as pickle  
        file=open("trisbm.pkl","rb")  
        model = pickle.load(file)  
        file.close()  
  
fit(n_init=5, verbose=True, deg_corr=True, overlap=False, parallel=True, B_min=3, B_max=None, *args,  
     **kwargs) → None  
    Fit using minimize_nested_blockmodel_dl
```

#### Parameters

- **n\_init** – number of initialisation. The best will be kept
- **verbose** – Print output
- **deg\_corr** – use deg corrected model
- **overlap** – use overlapping model
- **parallel** – perform parallel moves
- **\*args** – positional arguments to pass to gt.minimize\_nested\_blockmodel\_dl
- **\*\*kwargs** – keywords arguments to pass to gt.minimize\_nested\_blockmodel\_dl

```
fit_overlap(n_init=1, hierarchical=True, B_min=20, B_max=160, parallel=True, verbose=True)
```

Fit the sbm to the word-document network. - **hierarchical**, bool (default: True). Hierarchical SBM or Flat SBM. Flat SBM not implemented yet. - **Bmin**, int (default:20): pass an option to the graph-tool inference specifying the minimum number of blocks.

```
get_D()
```

return number of doc-nodes == number of documents

```
get_N()
```

return number of edges == tokens

```
get_V()
```

return number of word-nodes == types

```
get_groups(l=0)
```

return groups

#### Parameters

1 – hierarchy level

```
get_mdl()
```

Get minimum description length

Proxy to self.state.entropy()

```
group_membership(l=0)
```

#### Return the group-membership vectors for

- document-nodes, p\_td\_d, array with shape Bd x D
- word-nodes, p\_tw\_w, array with shape Bw x V

It gives the probability of a nodes belonging to one of the groups.

**group\_to\_group\_mixture**(*l=0, norm=True*)

**load\_graph**(*filename='graph.xml.gz'*) → None

Load a presaved graph

**Parameters**

**filename** – graph to load

**load\_model**(*filename='topsbm.pkl'*)

**make\_graph**(*df: DataFrame, get\_kind*) → None

Create a graph from a pandas DataFrame

**Parameters**

- **df** – DataFrame with words on index and texts on columns. Actually this is a BoW.
- **get\_kind** – function that returns 1 or 2 given an element of df.index. [1 for words 2 for keywords]

**make\_graph\_from\_Bow\_df**(*df, counts=True, n\_min=None*)

Load a graph from a Bag of Words DataFrame

:param : type : type df: DataFrame should be a DataFrame with where df.index is a list of words and df.columns a list of documents :param optional arguments: :param - counts: :type - counts: save edge-multiplicity as counts (default: True) :param - n\_min: :type - n\_min: filter all word-nodes with less than n\_min counts (default None) :param int: :type int: filter all word-nodes with less than n\_min counts (default None)

**make\_graph\_multiple\_df**(*df: DataFrame, df\_keyword\_list: list*) → None

Create a graph from two dataframes one with words, others with keywords or other layers of information

**Parameters**

- **df** – DataFrame with words on index and texts on columns
- **df\_keyword\_list** – list of DataFrames with keywords on index and texts on columns

**metadata**(*l=0, n=10, kind=2*)

get the n most common keywords for each keyword-group in level l.

**Returns**

tuples (keyword,P(kw|tk))

**metadatumdist**(*doc\_index, l=0, kind=2*)

**multiflip\_mcmc\_sweep**(*n\_steps=1000, beta=inf, niter=10, verbose=True*)

Fit the sbm to the word-document network. Use multiflip\_mcmc\_sweep - n\_steps, int (default:1): number of steps.

**plot**(*filename=None, nedges=1000*)

Plot the graph and group structure. optional: - filename, str; where to save the plot. if None, will not be saved - nedges, int; subsample to plot (faster, less memory)

**plot\_topic\_dist**(*l*)

**print\_summary**(*tofile=True*)

Print hierarchy summary

**print\_topics**(*l=0, format='csv', path\_save=''*)

Print topics, topic-distributions, and document clusters for a given level in the hierarchy.

**Parameters**

- **l** – level to store
- **format** – csv (default) or html
- **path\_save** – path/to/store/file

**save\_data()**

**save\_graph**(*filename='graph.xml.gz'*) → None

Save the graph

**Parameters**

**filename** – name of the graph stored

**search\_consensus**(*force\_niter=100000, niter=100*)

**topicdist**(*doc\_index, l=0*)

**topics**(*l=0, n=10*)

get the n most common words for each word-group in level l. return tuples (word,P(w|tw))

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**CHAPTER****TWO**

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**LICENCE**

This work is in part based on sbmtm and it is released under the terms of the GNU General Public License available along with this program or at <<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>



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